

HOME WORK #2  
SOLUTIONS

ASTR 250  
Spring 2010

(1.) (a)  $\lambda_{\text{yellow}} \sim 550 \text{ nm} = 5.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$   
 $\nu_{\text{yellow}} = \frac{c}{\lambda_{\text{yellow}}} = \frac{3 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}}{5.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}} = 5.45 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$

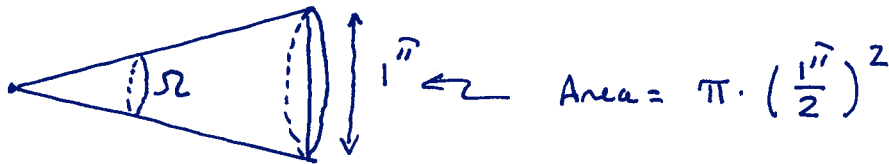
$E = h \cdot \nu = 6.626 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg} \cdot 5.45 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ eV}}{1.602 \times 10^{-12} \text{ erg}} = 2.26 \text{ eV}$

(b)  $\lambda_{\text{HI}} = \frac{c}{\nu_{\text{HI}}} = \frac{3 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}}{1.42 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}} = 21.1 \text{ cm}$

(2.) (a)  $1 \text{ radian} = 1 \text{ rad} \cdot \left( \frac{180^\circ}{\pi \text{ rad}} \right) = 57.29^\circ$

so  $1 \text{ rad}^2 = 1 \text{ ster} = \left( \frac{180^\circ}{\pi \text{ rad}} \right)^2 \cdot 1 \text{ rad}^2 = 3282.8 \text{ deg}^2$

(b)



$\Omega = \pi \cdot \left( \frac{\rho}{2} \right)^2 = 7.85 \times 10^{-1} \text{ arcsec}^2 \cdot \left( \frac{1 \text{ rad}}{206265 \text{ arcsec}} \right)^2 = 1.85 \times 10^{-11} \text{ ster}$

(3.) (a)  $D_{\oplus} = 1.524 \text{ AU}$

so  $F_{\oplus} = F_{\odot} \cdot \left( \frac{D_{\oplus}}{D_{\odot}} \right)^2 = 1370 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \left( \frac{1 \text{ AU}}{1.524 \text{ AU}} \right)^2 = 590 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$

(b)  $\text{Power} = P = \text{Flux} \cdot \text{efficiency} = 0.2 \cdot \bar{F}_1$

$\bar{F}_1 = F_{\oplus} \cdot \text{area of solar panels} = 590 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot 1.3 \text{ m}^2 = 767 \text{ W}$

$P = 767 \text{ W} \cdot 0.2 = 153 \text{ Watts}$

⇒ Could power 2 1/2 60W lightbulbs!

$$(4) \quad D = 4.2 \text{ ly} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ pc}}{3.26 \text{ ly}} = 1.29 \text{ pc}$$

$$m_V - M_V = 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{D}{10 \text{ pc}} \right) \quad M_{V,0} = +4.8 \text{ mag}$$

$$M_V = M_{V,0} + 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{D}{10 \text{ pc}} \right) = 4.8 \text{ mag} + 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{1.29 \text{ pc}}{10 \text{ pc}} \right) = +0.35 \text{ mag}$$

It wouldn't be the brightest star in the sky, but it will still appear to be very bright (and in the direction of the constellation) Cassiopeia

$$(5) \quad (a) \quad m_V - M_V = 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{D}{10 \text{ pc}} \right) \Rightarrow M_V = m_V - 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{D}{10 \text{ pc}} \right)$$

$$M_V = +5.49 \text{ mag} - 5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{15.61 \text{ pc}}{10 \text{ pc}} \right) = +4.52 \text{ mag}$$

$$(b) \quad M_V^{\text{Sirius}} - M_V^{\odot} = -2.5 \log_{10} \left( \frac{L_{\text{Sirius}}}{L_{\odot}} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{L_{\text{Sirius}}}{L_{\odot}} = 10^{-0.4(M_V^{\text{Sirius}} - M_V^{\odot})}$$

$$\frac{L_{\text{Sirius}}}{L_{\odot}} = 1.3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad L_{\text{Sirius}} = 1.3 L_{\odot}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{L_{\text{Sirius}}}{L_{\odot}} = \frac{4\pi R_{\text{Sirius}}^2 \sigma T_{\text{Sirius}}^4}{4\pi R_{\odot}^2 \sigma T_{\odot}^4} \Rightarrow \left( \frac{R_{\text{Sirius}}}{R_{\odot}} \right)^2 = \frac{\frac{L_{\text{Sirius}}}{L_{\odot}}}{\left( \frac{T_{\text{Sirius}}}{T_{\odot}} \right)^4}$$

$$\frac{R_{\text{Sirius}}}{R_{\odot}} = \left( \frac{1.3}{\left( \frac{5570 \text{ K}}{5780 \text{ K}} \right)^4} \right)^{1/2} = 1.22 \Rightarrow R_{\text{Sirius}} = 1.22 R_{\odot}$$

$$(d) \quad F_{\text{planet}} = F_{\text{Sirius}} \cdot \left( \frac{R_{\text{Sirius}}}{D_{\text{planet}}} \right)^2 \quad \text{and} \quad F_{\text{Sirius}} = \sigma T_{\text{Sirius}}^4$$

$$\text{so} \quad \frac{F_{\text{planet}}}{F_{\oplus}} = \frac{F_{\text{Sirius}}}{F_{\odot}} \cdot \left[ \frac{(R_{\text{Sirius}}/R_{\odot})}{(D_{\text{planet}}/D_{\oplus})} \right]^2 = \left( \frac{T_{\text{Sirius}}}{T_{\odot}} \right)^4 \cdot \left[ \frac{R_{\text{Sirius}}/R_{\odot}}{D_{\text{planet}}/D_{\oplus}} \right]^2$$

$$= \left( \frac{5570 \text{ K}}{5780 \text{ K}} \right)^4 \cdot \left[ \frac{1.22}{0.053} \right]^2 = 460 \times \text{larger!}$$

This planet is cooking!  
↓