

Radio Recombination Lines

H α Lines

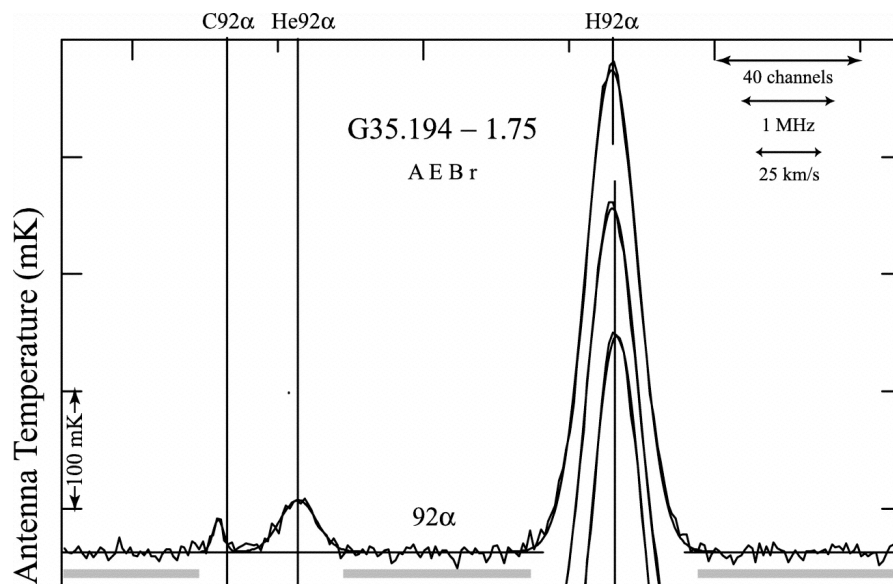


Often, multiple radio recombination lines can be observed within the same bandpass in the radio. All of the $\Delta n = -1$ H recombination lines between 2 GHz and 10 GHz are shown above.

$$A_{n+1-n} \sim 6.130 \times 10^9 (n + 0.7)^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

good to within 1% $n \geq 4$ (Menzel 1968)

Radio Recombination Lines



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H Recombination Rates

Table 14.1 Recombination Coefficients α_{nl} ($\text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}$) for H.^a The approximation formulae are valid for $0.3 \lesssim T_4 \lesssim 3$. For a broader range of T , see Eq. (14.5,14.6).

$\alpha_n(^2L)$	Temperature T			
	$5 \times 10^3 \text{ K}$	$1 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$	$2 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$	approximation
α_{1s}	2.28×10^{-13}	1.58×10^{-13}	1.08×10^{-13}	$1.58 \times 10^{-13} T_4^{-0.537-0.014 \ln T_4}$
α_{2s}	3.37×10^{-14}	2.34×10^{-14}	1.60×10^{-14}	$2.34 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.537-0.016 \ln T_4}$
α_{2p}	8.33×10^{-14}	5.35×10^{-14}	3.24×10^{-14}	$5.35 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.681-0.061 \ln T_4}$
α_2	1.17×10^{-13}	7.69×10^{-14}	4.84×10^{-14}	$7.69 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.637-0.045 \ln T_4}$
α_{3s}	1.13×10^{-14}	7.81×10^{-15}	5.29×10^{-15}	$7.81 \times 10^{-15} T_4^{-0.548-0.021 \ln T_4}$
α_{3p}	3.17×10^{-14}	2.04×10^{-14}	1.23×10^{-14}	$2.04 \times 10^{-15} T_4^{-0.683-0.068 \ln T_4}$
α_{3d}	3.03×10^{-14}	1.73×10^{-14}	9.09×10^{-15}	$1.73 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.869-0.087 \ln T_4}$
α_3	7.33×10^{-14}	4.55×10^{-14}	2.67×10^{-14}	$4.55 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.729-0.059 \ln T_4}$
α_{4s}	5.23×10^{-15}	3.59×10^{-15}	2.40×10^{-15}	$3.59 \times 10^{-15} T_4^{-0.562-0.028 \ln T_4}$
α_{4p}	1.51×10^{-14}	9.66×10^{-15}	5.81×10^{-15}	$9.66 \times 10^{-15} T_4^{-0.689-0.064 \ln T_4}$
α_{4d}	1.90×10^{-14}	1.08×10^{-14}	5.68×10^{-15}	$1.08 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.871-0.081 \ln T_4}$
α_{4f}	1.09×10^{-14}	5.54×10^{-15}	2.56×10^{-15}	$5.54 \times 10^{-15} T_4^{-1.045-0.099 \ln T_4}$
α_4	5.02×10^{-14}	2.96×10^{-14}	1.65×10^{-14}	$2.96 \times 10^{-14} T_4^{-0.803-0.059 \ln T_4}$
α_A	6.82×10^{-13}	4.18×10^{-13}	2.51×10^{-13}	$4.18 \times 10^{-13} T_4^{-0.721-0.021 \ln T_4}$
α_B	4.54×10^{-13}	2.59×10^{-13}	1.43×10^{-13}	$2.59 \times 10^{-13} T_4^{-0.833-0.034 \ln T_4}$

^a From Hummer & Storey (1987)

H Recombination

Baker & Menzel 1938

CASE A : Optically thin to ionizing photons

→ EVERY ionizing photon emitted during recombination escape

CASE B : Optically thick to radiation just above 13.6 eV

→ ALL ionizing photons are re-absorbed.
 Recombination to $n=1$ do not affect ionization balance
 – only recombinations to $n \geq 2$ reduce ionization

Table 14.2 Case B Hydrogen Recombination Spectrum^a for $n_e = 10^8 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

	T(K)		
	5000	10,000	20,000
$\alpha_B (\text{cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1})$	4.53×10^{-13}	2.59×10^{-13}	1.43×10^{-13}
$\alpha_{\text{eff}, 2s} / \alpha_B$	0.305	0.325	0.356
$\alpha_{\text{eff}, H\alpha} (\text{cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1})$	2.20×10^{-13}	1.17×10^{-13}	5.96×10^{-14}
$\alpha_{\text{eff}, H\beta} (\text{cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1})$	5.40×10^{-14}	3.03×10^{-14}	1.61×10^{-14}
$4\pi j_{H\beta} / n_e n_p (\text{erg cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1})$	2.21×10^{-26}	1.24×10^{-26}	6.58×10^{-26}
Balmer-line intensities relative to $H\beta$ 0.48627 μm			
$j_{H\alpha} 0.65646 / j_{H\beta}$	3.03	2.86	2.74
$j_{H\gamma} 0.48627 / j_{H\beta}$	1.	1.	1.
$j_{H\delta} 0.43418 / j_{H\beta}$	0.459	0.469	0.475
$j_{H\epsilon} 0.41030 / j_{H\beta}$	0.252	0.259	0.264
$j_{H\zeta} 0.39713 / j_{H\beta}$	0.154	0.159	0.163
$j_{H\eta} 0.38902 / j_{H\beta}$	0.102	0.105	0.106
$j_{H\theta} 0.38365 / j_{H\beta}$	0.0711	0.0732	0.0746
$j_{H\iota} 0.37990 / j_{H\beta}$	0.0517	0.0531	0.0540
Paschen ($n \rightarrow 3$) line intensities relative to corresponding Balmer lines			
$j_{P\alpha} 1.8756 / j_{H\alpha}$	0.405	0.336	0.283
$j_{P\beta} 1.2821 / j_{H\gamma} 0.43418$	0.399	0.347	0.305
$j_{P\gamma} 1.0941 / j_{H\delta} 0.41030$	0.391	0.348	0.311
$j_{P\delta} 1.0052 / j_{H\epsilon} 0.39713$	0.386	0.348	0.314
$j_{P\epsilon} 0.95487 / j_{H\zeta} 0.38902$	0.382	0.348	0.316
$j_{P\zeta} 0.92317 / j_{H\eta} 0.38365$	0.380	0.347	0.317
$j_{P\eta} 0.90175 / j_{H\theta} 0.37990$	0.380	0.347	0.317
Brackett ($n \rightarrow 4$) line intensities relative to corresponding Balmer lines			
$j_{B\alpha} 4.0523 / j_{H\gamma} 0.43418$	0.223	0.169	0.131
$j_{B\beta} 2.6259 / j_{H\delta} 0.41030$	0.219	0.174	0.141
$j_{B\gamma} 2.1661 / j_{H\epsilon} 0.39713$	0.212	0.174	0.144
$j_{B\delta} 1.9451 / j_{H\zeta} 0.38902$	0.208	0.173	0.145
$j_{B\epsilon} 1.8179 / j_{H\eta} 0.38365$	0.204	0.173	0.146
$j_{B\zeta} 1.7367 / j_{H\theta} 0.37990$	0.202	0.172	0.146
Pfundt ($n \rightarrow 5$) line intensities relative to corresponding Balmer lines			
$j_{5\alpha} 7.4599 / j_{H\delta} 0.41030$	0.134	0.0969	0.0719
$j_{5\beta} 4.6538 / j_{H\zeta} 0.39713$	0.134	0.101	0.0774
$j_{5\gamma} 3.7406 / j_{H\eta} 0.38902$	0.130	0.101	0.0790
$j_{5\delta} 3.2970 / j_{H\theta} 0.38365$	0.127	0.100	0.0797
$j_{5\epsilon} 3.0392 / j_{H\iota} 0.37990$	0.125	0.0997	0.0801
Humphreys ($n \rightarrow 6$) line intensities relative to corresponding Balmer lines			
$j_{6\alpha} 12.372 / j_{H\zeta} 0.39713$	0.0855	0.0601	0.0435
$j_{6\beta} 7.5026 / j_{H\eta} 0.38902$	0.0867	0.0632	0.0471
$j_{6\gamma} 5.9083 / j_{H\theta} 0.38365$	0.0850	0.0634	0.0481
$j_{6\delta} 5.1287 / j_{H\iota} 0.37990$	0.0833	0.0632	0.0486

^a Emissivities from Hummer & Storey (1987)

